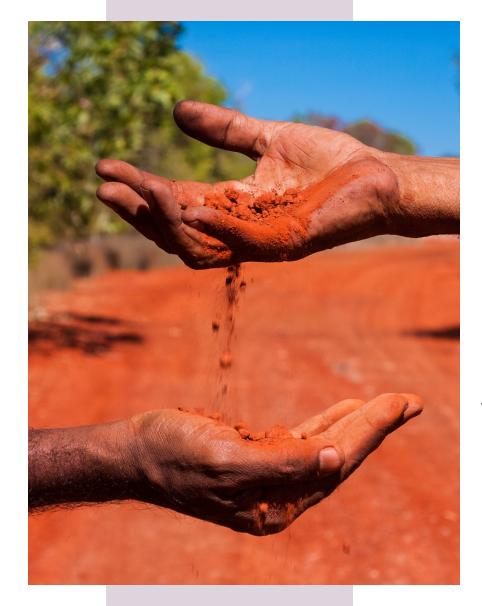


DOCTOR MOVEMENTS IN RURAL QUEENSLAND 2020-22: POTENTIAL IMPACTS OF DPA POLICY CHANGE

Christian Hughes, Keith Palanna, and David Wellman







I would like to begin by acknowledging the First Nations people as the traditional custodians of the lands on which we are meeting today.

I would also like to pay my respects to Elders past, present and emerging, and extend that respect to all First Nations people present today.

BACKGROUND



What is currently know? High turnover of GPs in remote and rural locations – tends to increase with remoteness. Recruitment is also difficult.

- Government → incentive programs to attract and retain GPs in remote and rural communities, particularly for overseas trained doctors.
- Health Workforce Queensland is the **Rural Workforce Agency for QLD** funded by DHAC part of the Rural Workforce Agency Network (RWAN)

Administer some of the rural incentive programs that grant access to Medicare provider numbers - tied to specific remote and rural practice locations:

- Rural Locum Relief Program (RLRP): introduced in 1998 closed to new applicants in 2019 existing cohort can continue until 30 June 2023
- More Doctors for Rural Australia Program (MDRAP): commenced in 2019 introduction of the DPA

INTRODUCTION



RLRP and MDRAP **geographic constraints** pre-2022:

- RLRP used **District of Workforce Shortage (DWS)** available for all RRMA Areas 3-5
- MDRAP used **Distribution Priority Area (DPA)** classifications → Initially only Modified
 Monash (MM) categories 4 7 granted automatic DPA
- Other locations with serious general practitioner workforce shortages (mainly MM 3 locations) required individual applications to the Dept

What changed in the middle of 2022?

All MM 2 and MM 3 locations were given DPA classification, eligible for MDRAP.

In QLD, this included regional centres: Toowoomba, Townsville, Cairns, and areas close to the Gold Coast and Sunshine Coast.

INTRODUCTION



Consequences noted by the 'Recruitment Team' at Health Workforce Queensland:

- Almost immediately requests from MDRAP GPs wanting to move from remote and rural practices to larger regional communities or closer to Brisbane.
- Increase in requests from remote and rural practice managers for assistance to recruit GPs to replace departing staff.

Key Question: Can we quantify any change?

 Longitudinal examination of employment records looking for any movement differences in 2022 compared to previous years.

METHODOLOGY



Secondary analysis of Minimum Data Set (MDS) Reports: 2020, 2021 and 2022

- Quality assurance project
- Snapshot on 30 November each year: providing GP-type services; primary role only.
- Informed by practice ring-around; annual surveys; feedback from recruitment team; and practitioner touch points.

Key Terms

- Arrivals: GPs new to MM 2-7 QLD
- **Departures:** GPs that have left MM 2-7 QLD
- Migration: GPs that ceased practice in one MM region to begin practicing in a different MM region.
- **Net MM change (NMMC):** the difference between a practitioners **current and previous employment** MM value.

Positive NMMC increases remoteness = + value MM 5 \rightarrow MM 7 = NMMC +2

Negative NMMC decreases remoteness = - value $MM7 \rightarrow MM5 = NMMC - 2$

TOTAL MDS GP NUMBERS 2020-22



MM Category	2020 N (%)	2021 N (%)	2022 N (%)
MM 2	1,369 (52.47%)	1,334 (50.24%)	1,445 (52.99%)
MM 3	200 (7.67%)	207 (7.80%)	204 (7.48%)
MM 4	487 (18.67%)	504 (18.98%)	501 (18.37%)
MM 5	387 (14.83%)	430 (16.20%)	401 (14.70%)
MM 6	74 (2.84%)	81 (3.05%)	75 (2.75%)
MM 7	92 (3.53%)	99 (3.73%)	101 (3.70%)
QLD Total	2,609 (100%)	2,655 (100%)	2,727 (100%)

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES 2020-22



New ARRIVALS to rural practice

MM Category	2020 N (%)	2021 N (%)	2022 N (%)
MM 2	214 (49.31%)	205 (40.67%)	271 (51.72%)
MM 3	32 (7.37%)	44 (8.73%)	43 (8.21%)
MM 4	88 (20.28%)	97 (19.25%)	86 (16.41%)
MM 5	63 (14.29%)	116 (23.02%)	91 (17.37%)
MM 6	14 (3.23%)	21 (4.17%)	14 (2.67%)
MM 7	24 (5.53%)	21 (4.17%)	19 (3.63%)
QLD Total	434 (100%)	504 (100%)	524 (100%)

DEPARTURES from rural practice

MM	2021	2022	
Category	N (%)	N (%)	
MM 2	241 (52.62%)	207 (45.80%)	
MM 3	33 (7.21%)	37 (8.19%)	
MM 4	68 (14.85%)	77 (17.04%)	
MM 5	84 (18.34%)	99 (21.90%)	
MM 6	16 (3.49%)	16 (3.54%)	
MM 7	16 (3.49%)	16 (3.54%)	
QLD Total	458 (100%)	452 (100%)	

STABLE GP WORKFORCE 2020-22



Number of GPs who **remained** in same MM category

MM Category	2020 N (%)	2021 N (%)	2022 N (%)
MM 2	1,121 (55.99%)	1,089 (53.36%)	1,110 (53.29%)
MM 3	145 (7.24%)	156 (7.64%)	152 (7.30%)
MM 4	354 (17.68%)	393 (19.26%)	397 (19.06%)
MM 5	272 (13.59%)	277 (13.57%)	289 (13.87%)
MM 6	48 (2.40%)	55 (2.69%)	56 (2.69%)
MM 7	62 (3.10%)	71 (3.48%)	79 (5.06%)
QLD Total	2,002 (100%)	2,041 (100%)	2,083 (100%)

PRACTITIONER MIGRATIONS 2020-22

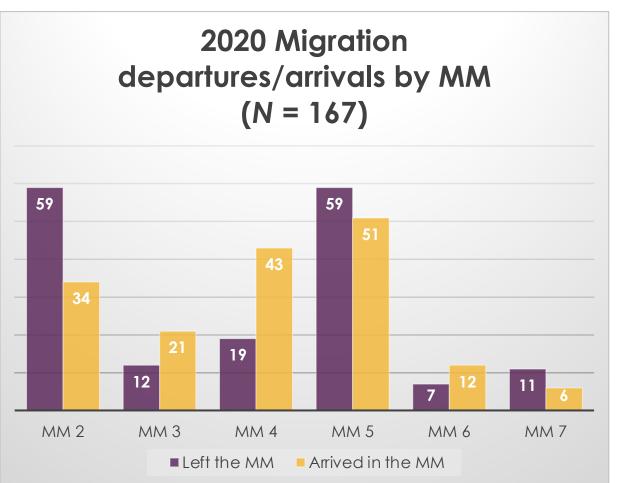


Number of GPs who **migrate from** each MM

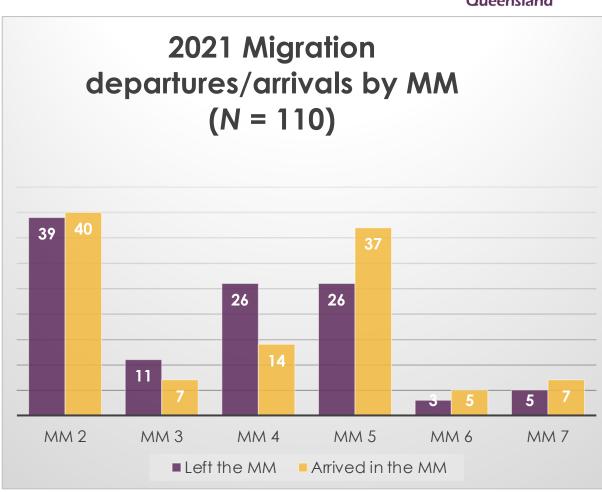
MM Category	2020 N	2021 N	2022 N
MM 2	59	39	17
MM 3	12	11	18
MM 4	19	26	30
MM 5	59	26	42
MM 6	7	3	9
MM 7	11	5	4
QLD Total	167	110	120

2020 AND 2021 MIGRATIONS





MM 2 had 25 more migration departures than migration arrivals



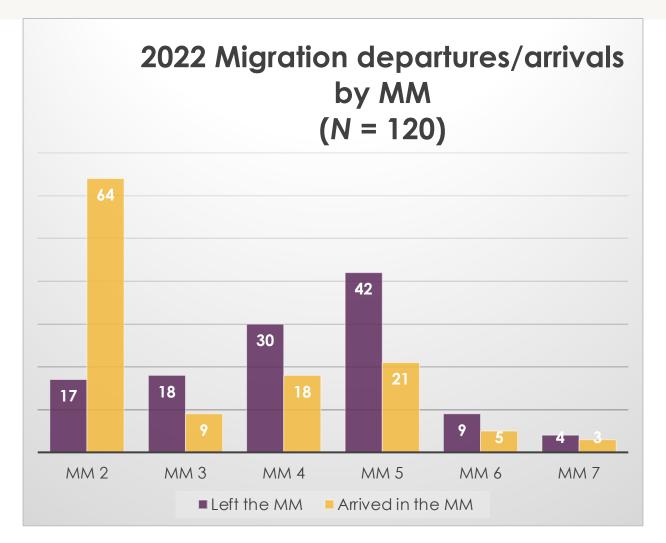
MM 2 had one more migration arrival than migration departures

2022 MIGRATIONS



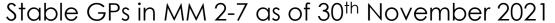
MM 2 had 47 more migration arrivals than departures

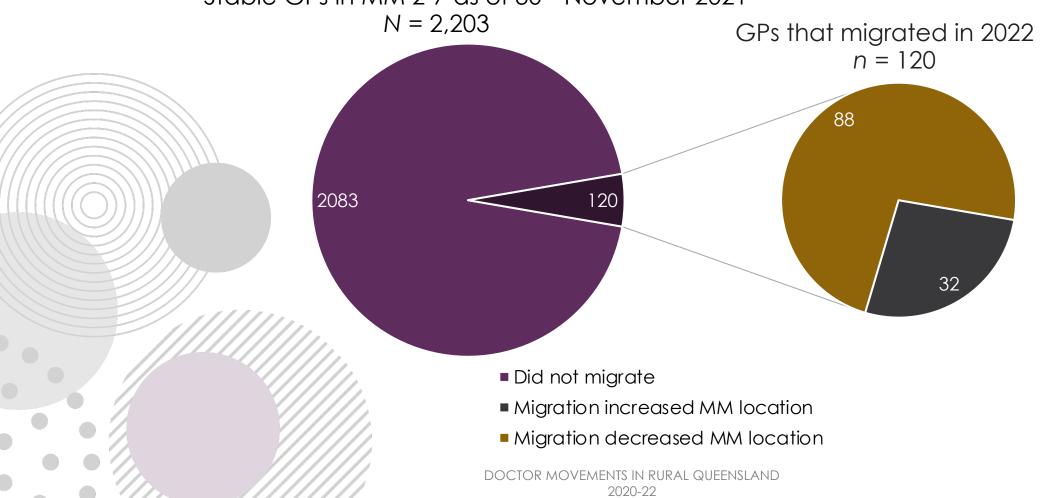
All other MM categories had more migration departures than arrivals.



UNDERSTANDING 2022 MIGRATIONS



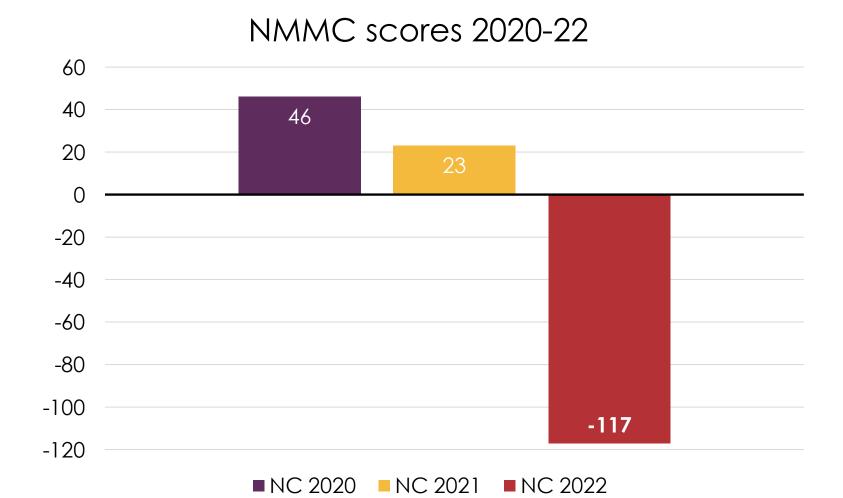




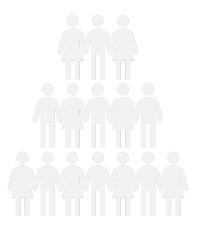
NET MM CHANGE SCORES



Positive NMMC scores in 2020 and 2021 - migrations increased overall remoteness



Negative NMMC score in 2022migrations decreased overall remoteness



CONCLUSION



Generally increasing GP numbers between 2020 and 2022, also tied to:

- General increase in New GPs arriving in rural QLD
- Fairly stable rate of GP departures from rural QLD

However, after the DPA change in mid-2022, by 30 November 2022 there was a major difference in the pattern of GPs migrating between MM 2-7 locations in QLD.

- A large increase in the number of GPs migrating to MM 2 locations
- A large decrease in the number of GPs in MM 2 migrating to a more remote location
- In each of the MM 3-7 locations, more GPs migrating out that migrating in

CONCLUSION



Data suggests that there may have been a **relationship between the DPA change** in 2022 and changes in **GP migration movements** in the six months afterwards in remote/rural QLD.

Possible important implications for **recruitment and retention** for general practices in more remote and rural locations.

Personal and workplace factors that motivate practitioners to migrate between MM-locations have been prevalent for many years. However, it appears that the DPA change may have provided a new reason to work less remotely.

Limitations

- Findings may be limited to QLD and not generalisable to other jurisdictions
- Need further support to measure whether:
 - the trend is similar in other jurisdictions
 - longitudinal investigation required to examine whether the pattern continues over coming years.



THANK YOU